

Vinegar or oil bottles

These bottles are not made of PET and they may damage recycling, mainly because of vinegar or oil residue.

Dirty paper and cardboard

If clean, all paper and cardboard boxes can be recycled together.

Compound waste

When various materials are tightly mixed to constitute an object, it is called "compound waste". That mix can currently not be recycled.

Vacuum cleaner bags

Dirty cloths and old trainers

All textile, clothes and shoes in good condition, can be deposited in clothes banks. However, if they are dirty (grease, paint, etc.), they belong in the official white plastic bags.

Plastic containers

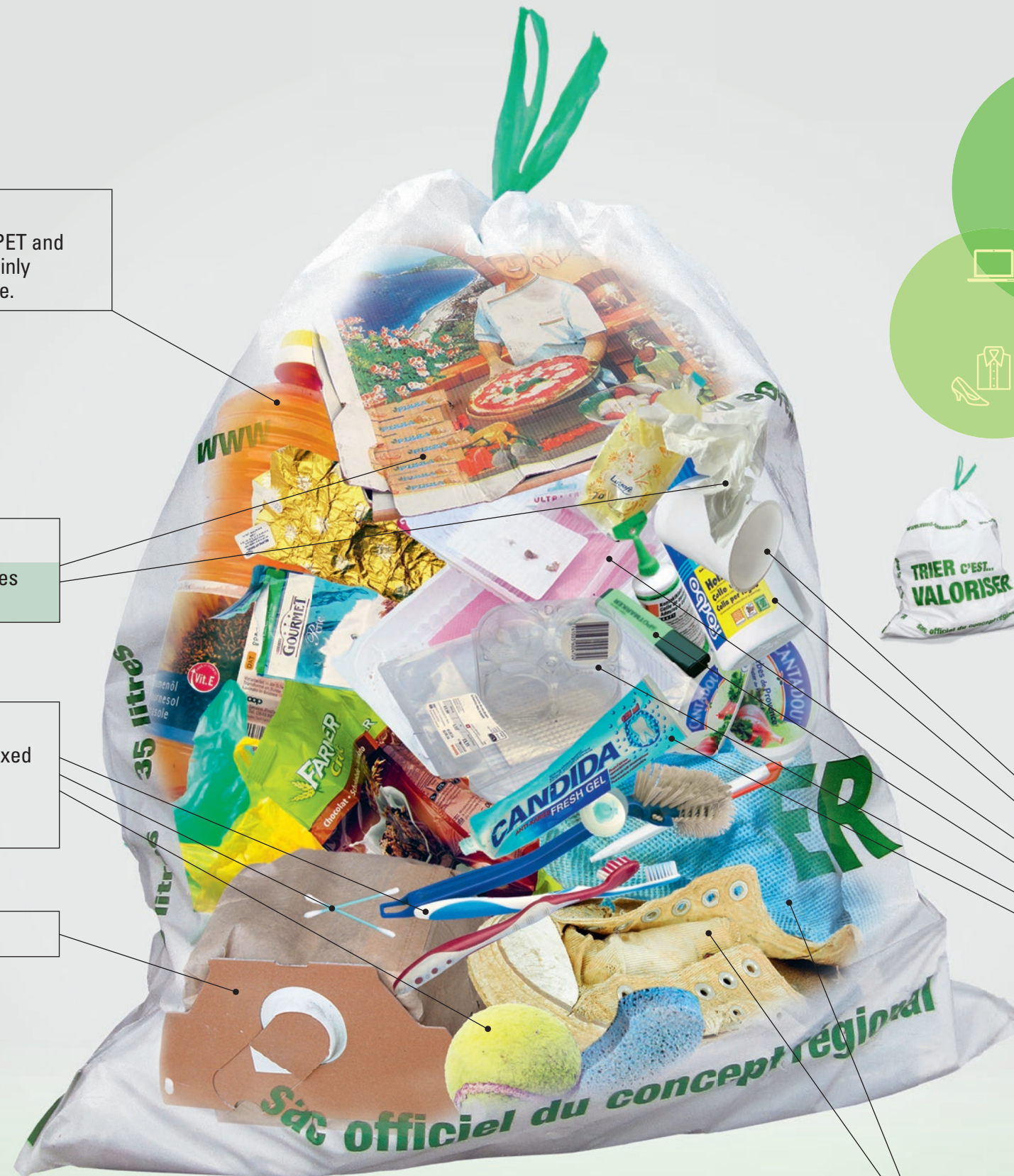
Objects made of plastic and other materials, and those soiled by food, must be thrown in the official white plastic bags.

Shops take back plastic bottles made of PET and those made of PE used for dairy produce (white bottles).

The waste collection site will also take back separately:

- white and clean polystyrene, packaging for electronic devices
- empty and clean plastic bottles and vials (used for shampoo, detergents, etc.)
- clean plastic films (packaging), except those used for food purposes
- hard plastic (garden furniture, linen baskets, etc.)

Waste to dispose of in the official white plastic bags



Paper
Cardboard



Except plastic and polystyrene



Raw vegetable
Garden waste



Organic waste
Food waste, food leftovers
raw and cooked



Glass



Except ceramics, mirrors,
windows, light bulbs



Tin and aluminium products



Food bricks



PET Bottles



Only beverage
containers



PE milk
bottles



Electric and electronic
devices Lights



Clothes



Sorted plastic



Hard plastic

Bottles
and vials

Plastic
film

Polystyrene



Special household waste
Oils



Gardening products, leftover paint, solvents, used oils and other chemical products.



Ceramics and
dishes



These objects prevent proper glass recycling, as do broken windows and mirrors.



Aluminium coffee capsules



Batteries

